

Editor Commands

General Form

Each command consists of

- (1) A function letter (or two)
- (2) A parameter, possibly omitted
- (3) A carriage return

The function letter may be, t, m, p, d, s, a, sg, or f.

The parameter may be a number, /-string, or .-string. A number, n, refers to ^{the} line ~~a~~ n lines beyond the current one; a /-string refers to the next line which begins with the string; a .-string refers to the next line which contains the string anywhere within it. If the parameter is omitted it is assumed to be 1.

The Commands

t Top
Moves the pointer to the top of the file

f Finished
Terminates Editing

C. m. m.

a Appenel

Appenels all succeeding typed lines, up to ^{a new} ~~a~~ Control-D, after the current line. ^{line.}
last line typed is new current line.

m x Move .

Moves the cursor x lines down, if x is a number, until x matches line, if x is a pattern

p x Print

Prints x lines or until x is matched, moving cursor.

d x Delete

Deletes x lines or until x is matched, moving cursor. Current line is an empty one.

s /P1/P2/ X Substitute

Substitutes P1 for P2 in the next x lines, first occurrence only.

sg /P1/P2/ X Substitute Global $\frac{f}{a}$ P2

Same as s, but all occurrences ¹ in a line are substituted for.